



National
Qualifications
2024

X843/77/12

Latin
Translating

TUESDAY, 14 MAY

1:00 PM – 2:30 PM

Total marks — 60

Attempt both sections.

SECTION 1 — PROSE — 40 marks

Translate the Latin sections into English.

SECTION 2 — VERSE — 20 marks

Translate the Latin sections into English.

Write your answers clearly in the answer booklet provided.

Use blue or black ink.

Before leaving the examination room you must give your answer booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



* X 8 4 3 7 7 1 2 *

[OPEN OUT FOR SECTION 1]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

SECTION 1 — PROSE — 40 marks

Read the following passage carefully, including the English sections, and then translate all the Latin sections into English.

Hannibal's Tactics Win The Day

Before a naval battle Hannibal came up with a clever plan to show his men which was the ship of the enemy general, King Eumenes of Pergamum. He sent a letter to be delivered to Eumenes in person.

classis ab utrisque in proelium dederunt. aciebus constitutis, Hannibal, ut palam ficeret suis quo loco Eumenes esset, tabellarium in scapha cum caduceo mittit. qui ubi ad naves adversariorum pervenit, epistulam ostendens se regem quaerere professus est.

Eumenes thought at first that peace was being offered, but was provoked to battle by Hannibal's insulting message.

statim tabellarius ad Eumenem deductus est, quod nemo dubitabat quin aliquid de pace
5 esset scriptum. tabellarius, nave ducis declarata suis, eodem unde erat egressus, se recepit.
at Eumenes soluta epistula nihil in ea repperit, nisi quae ad irridendum eum pertinerent.
proelium statim committere non dubitavit.

Before the battle, Hannibal had ordered his men to fill earthenware jars with snakes. Now, as the Pergamenes were gaining the upper hand, Hannibal deployed his unusual biological weapon. This distracted and endangered the Pergamenes.

cum Pergamenae naves adversarios premerent acrius, repente vasa fictilia in eas conici
coepta sunt. vasa iacta initio risum pugnantibus concitaverunt, neque intellegi poterat quare
10 id fieret. postquam autem naves suas oppletas conspexerunt serpentibus, nova re perterriti,
cum non viderent quomodo periculum vitarent, puppes verterunt seque ad sua castra
nautica rettulerunt. sic Hannibal consilio arma Pergamenorum superavit.

Nepos, *Life of Hannibal xi*

ab (+ ablative)	by (see ‘uterque’)	fio, fieri, factus sum	(to) happen
acies, -ei (f.)	battle line	Hannibal, -alis (m.)	Hannibal (<i>a famous general</i>)
acriter	fiercely	iacio, -ere, ieci, iactum	(to) throw
ad (+ accusative)	at, to	in (+ accusative)	into, onto, at
adversarius, -ii (m.)	enemy	in (+ ablative)	in
aliquis, aliquid	someone, something	initio	at first
arma, -orum (n. pl.)	forces	intellego, -ere, -lexi, -lectum	(to) understand
at	but	irrideo, -ere, irrisi, irrisum	(to) ridicule, make fun of
autem	however	is, ea, id	he, she, it, that
caduceus, -i (m.)	herald’s staff (<i>symbol of authority</i>)	locus, -i (m.)	place, position
castra, -orum (n. pl.)	camp, base	mitto, -ere, misi, missum	(to) send
classis, -is (f.)	fleet (<i>of ships</i>)	nauticus, -a, -um	naval
coepio, -ere, coepi, coeptum	(to) begin	navis, -is (f.)	ship
committo, -ere, -misi, -missum	(to) join (<i>a battle</i>)	nemo	nobody, no one
concito, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) produce, provoke	neque	nor, and not
conicio, -ere, -ieci, -iectum	(to) throw	nihil	nothing
consilium, -ii (n.)	plan, strategy	nisi	except
conspicio, -ere, -spexi, -spectum	(to) catch sight of	non	not
constituo, -ere, -ui, -utum	(to) form	novus, -a, -um	unusual
cum (+ ablative)	with	oppleo, -ere, -evi, -etum	(to) fill
cum (+ subjunctive)	when, since	ostendo, -ere, -i, ostentum	(to) show
de (+ ablative)	about, concerning	palam	clear
declaro, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) make something known, point out to	pax, pacis (f.)	peace
deduco, -ere, -duxi, -ductum	(to) lead (<i>out</i>)	Pergameni, -orum (m. pl.)	Pergamenes (<i>people of Pergamum</i>)
dubito, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) doubt (line 7) (to) hesitate	Pergamenus, -a, -um	Pergamene, of Pergamum
dux, ducis (m.)	general	periculum, -i (n.)	danger
egredior, -i, egressus sum	(to) depart	perterreo, -ere, -terrui, -territum	(to) frighten
eodem	to the same place	pertineo, -ere, -ui	(to) be intended to
epistula, -ae (f.)	letter	pervenio, -ire, -veni, ventum	(to) arrive at
Eumenes, -is (m.)	Eumenes (<i>a general and king of Pergamum</i>)	possum, posse, potui	(to) be able to
facio, -ere, feci, factum	(to) make	postquam	after
fictilis, -e	earthenware, made of pottery	premo, -ere, pressi, pressum	(to) press upon, put pressure on
		proelium, -ii (n.)	battle
		profiteor, -eri, -fessus sum	(to) declare

pugno, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) fight	vas, vasis (<i>n.</i>)	pot, jar
puppis, -is (<i>f.</i>)	ship	verto, -ere, verti, versum	(to) turn
quaero, -ere, quaesivi, quaesitum	(to) look for	video, -ere, vidi, visum	(to) see
quare	why	vito, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) avoid
-que	and		
qui, quae, quod	who, which		
quin	that		
quod	because		
quomodo	how, in what way		
recipio, -ere, -cepi, ceptum	See 'se recipio'		
refero, -ferre, -ttuli, latum	See 'se refero'		
repente	suddenly		
reperio, -ire, repperi, -tum	(to) find		
res, rei (<i>f.</i>)	event		
rex, regis (<i>m.</i>)	king		
risus, -us (<i>m.</i>)	laughter		
scapha, -ae (<i>f.</i>)	small boat		
scribo, -ere, scripsi, scriptum	(to) write		
se	(him)self, (her)self, (it)self, (them)selves		
se recipere	(to) return		
se referre	(to) return		
serpens, -entis (<i>m.</i>)	snake		
sic	in this way		
solvo, -ere, -vi, -utum	(to) open		
statim	at once		
sui, -orum (<i>m. pl.</i>)	his men		
sum, esse, fui	(to) be		
supero, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) defeat		
suus, -a, -um	his, her, their (own)		
tabellarius, -ii (<i>m.</i>)	a herald, messenger		
ubi	when		
unde	from where		
ut (+ <i>subjunctive</i>)	(in order) to		
uterque, utraque, utrumque	both		
ab utrisque	(line 1) on both sides		

[END OF SECTION 1]

SECTION 2 — VERSE — 20 marks

Read the following passage carefully, including the English sections, and then translate all the Latin sections into English.

Daphne Transforms Into A Tree

The beautiful woman Daphne was chased through the woods by the god Phoebus, who had fallen in love with her. She prayed for some way to escape from him.

vix prece finita torpor gravis occupat artus,
mollia cinguntur tenui praecordia libro,
in frondem crines, in ramos bracchia crescunt,
pes modo tam velox pigris radicibus haeret,
5 ora cacumen habet: remanet nitor unus in illa.

Despite Daphne's transformation into a tree, Phoebus still found her beauty within the tree irresistible.

hanc quoque Phoebus amat positaque in stipite dextra
sentit adhuc trepidare novo sub cortice pectus
complexusque suis ramos ut membra lacertis
oscula dat ligno.

Ovid *Metamorphoses* 1.548–556

adhuc	still	pono, -ere, posui, positum	(to) place, put
amo, amare, -avi, -atum	(to) love	praecordia, -orum (n. pl.)	stomach
artus, -us (m.)	limb	prex, precis (f.)	prayer
bracchium, -i (n.)	arm	-que	and
cacumen, -inis (n.)	tree-top	quoque	also, still
cingo, -ere, cinxi, cinctum	(to) surround, cover	radix, -icis (f.)	tree-root
complector, complecti, complexus sum	(to) hug, embrace	ramus, -i (m.)	branch (<i>of a tree</i>)
cortex, corticis (m.)	tree-bark	remaneo, -ere, remansi, remansum	(to) remain
cresco, crescere, crevi, cretum	(to) grow	sentio, -ire, sensi, sensum	(to) feel
crinis, -is (m.)	hair	stipes, -itis (m.)	tree-trunk
dextra, -ae (f.)	right hand	sub (+ ablative)	under
do, dare, dedi, datum	(to) give, offer	suus, -a, -um	his own, her own, its own
finio, -ire, -ivi, -itum	(to) finish	tam	so
frons, frondis (f.)	leaf, greenery	tenuis, -e	thin
gravis, -e	heavy	torpor, -oris (m.)	numbness
habeo, -ere, habui, habitus	(to) hold within, contain	trepidio, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) beat
haereo, -ere, haesi, haesum (+ dative)	(to) stick to, get stuck in	unus, -a, -um	alone
hic, haec, hoc	this, he, she, it	ut	like, as though
ille, illa, illud	that, he, she, it	velox, -ocis	fast, swift
in (+ accusative)	into	vix	only just, scarcely
in (+ ablative)	in, within, on		
lacertus, -i (m.)	arm		
liber, libri (m.)	tree-bark		
lignum, -i (n.)	wood		
membrum, -i (m.)	limb		
modo	just recently		
mollis, -e	soft		
nitor, -oris (m.)	beauty		
novus, -a, um	new, fresh		
occupo, -are, -avi, -atum	(to) take over, seize		
os, oris (n.)	face, head		
osculum, -i (n.)	kiss		
pectus, oris (n.)	heart		
pes, pedis (m.)	foot		
Phoebus, -i (m.)	Phoebus (<i>name of a god</i>)		
piger, pigra, pigrum	immovable, fixed		

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

[BLANK PAGE]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

[BLANK PAGE]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

[BLANK PAGE]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE